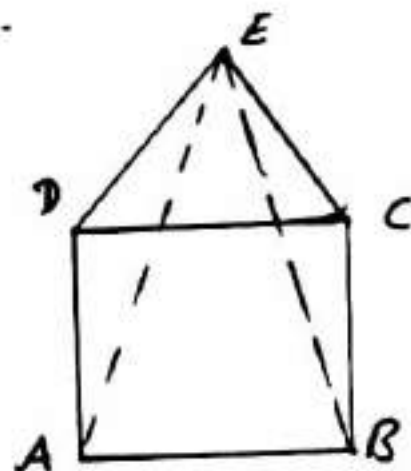


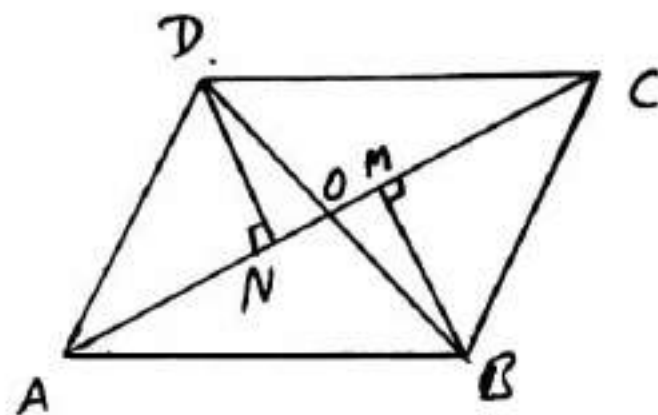
Class - IX MATHS Chapter - 8 Quadrilaterals
Assignment Part - 2

- Q.9 In the adjoining figure,
ABCD is a square and $\triangle EDC$
is an equilateral triangle.
Prove that
(i) $AE = BE$ (ii) $\angle DAE = 15^\circ$



Q-10

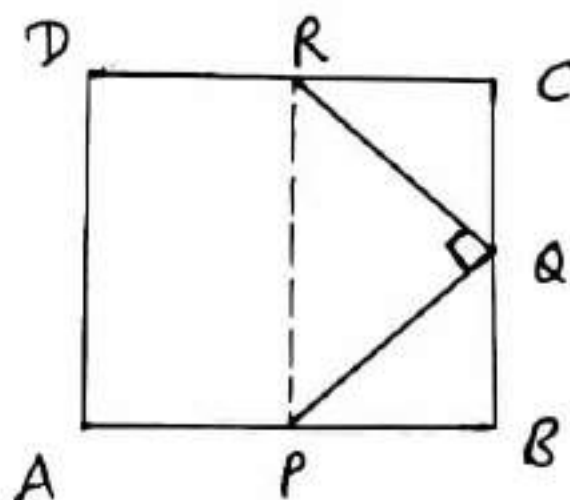
- In the adjoining figure,
 $BM \perp AC$ and $DN \perp AC$.
If $BM = DN$. Prove
that AC bisects BD .



Q-11

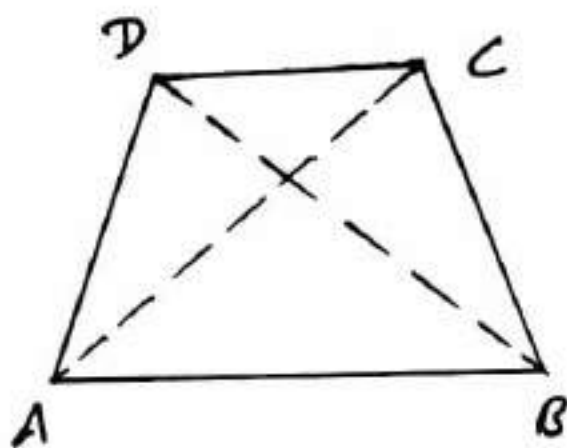
- In the given figure,
ABCD is a square and
 $\angle PQR = 90^\circ$. If $PQ = PR$
 $PB = QC = DR$,
prove that

- (i) $OB = RC$
(ii) $PO = OR$
(iii) $\angle QPR = 45^\circ$



CR-8, Quadrilaterals, Assignment Part-3

Q.12 In the adjoining figure, $ABCD$ is a quadrilateral in which AB is the longest side and CD is the shortest side.



Prove that

(i) $\angle C > \angle A$

(ii) $\angle D > \angle B$

Q.13 In the adjoining figure, the bisectors of $\angle B$ and $\angle D$ of a quadrilateral $ABCD$ meet CD and AB produced at P and Q respectively.

Prove that

$$\angle P + \angle Q = \frac{1}{2}(\angle B + \angle D)$$

