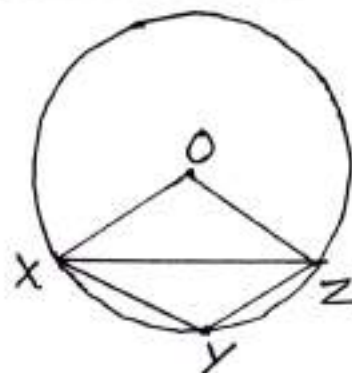


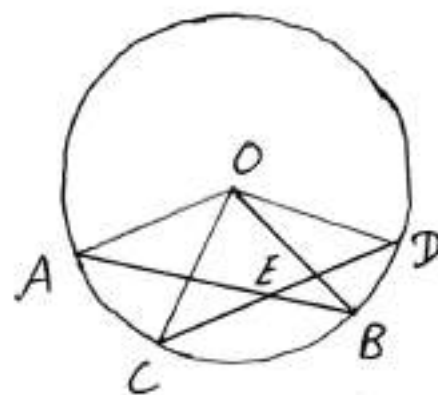
G. N. National Public School, Gorakhpur, G.K.P.
 Class - IX MATHS Chapter - 10 Circles
 Assignment Part - 3

Q.1 In the given figure, O is the centre of the circle. Prove that
 $\angle XOZ = 2 (\angle XZY + \angle YXZ)$

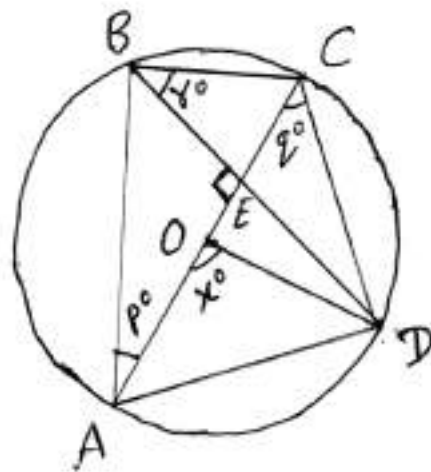


Q.2- In the given figure, O is the centre of the given circle and chords AB and CD intersect at a point E inside the circle. Prove that

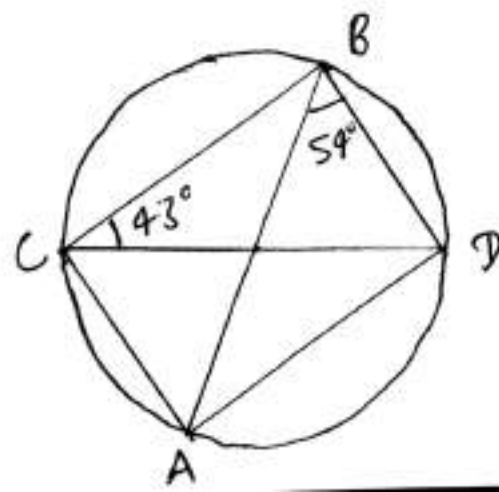
$$\angle AOC + \angle BOD = 2 \angle AEC$$



Q.3- In the adjoining figure, AC is the diameter of a circle with centre O and chord $BD \perp AC$, intersecting each other at E. Find out the values of p, q, r in terms of x.



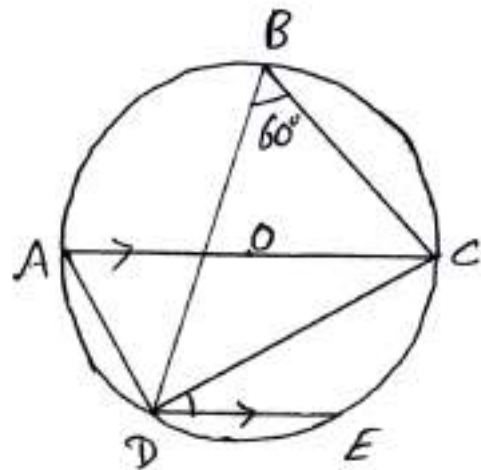
Q.4- In the given figure,
 $\angle ABD = 54^\circ$ and $\angle BCD = 43^\circ$,
 calculate (i) $\angle ACD$
 (ii) $\angle BAD$ (iii) $\angle BDA$.



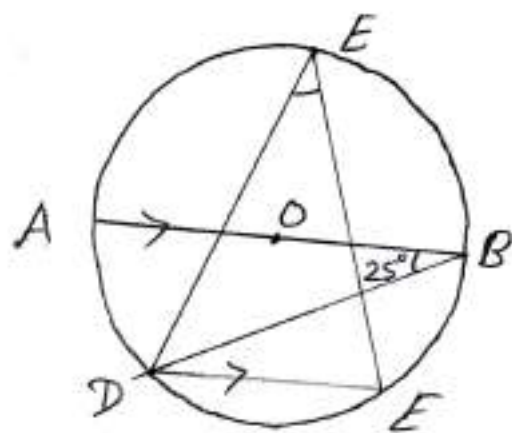
Ch-10 Circle Assignment Part-4

Q.5- A circle has radius $5\sqrt{2}$ cm. It is divided into two segments by a chord of length 2 cm. Prove that the angle subtended by the chord at a point in the major segment is 45° .

Q.6- In the adjoining figure, DE is a chord parallel to diameter AC of the circle with centre O. If $\angle CBD = 60^\circ$, calculate $\angle CDE$.



Q.7- In the adjoining figure, O is the centre of a circle. Chord CD is parallel to diameter AB. If $\angle ABC = 25^\circ$, calculate $\angle CED$.



Q.8- In the given figure, AB and CD are two chords of a circle, intersecting each other at a point E. Prove that $\angle AEC = \frac{1}{2}$ (angle subtended by arc CXA at the centre + angle subtended by arc DYB at the centre).

